Financial Statements of

THE MUNICIPALITY OF MCDOUGALL

Year ended December 31, 2019

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of The Municipality of McDougall (the "Municipality") are the responsibility of the Municipality's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of The Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in note 1 to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Municipality's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by Management.

Council meets with Management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Municipality. The accompanying Independent Auditors' Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Municipality's financial statements.

Tim Hunt

Chief Administrative Officer



KPMG LLP Claridge Executive Centre 144 Pine Street Sudbury Ontario P3C 1X3 Canada Telephone (705) 675-8500 Fax (705) 675-7586

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Municipality of McDougall

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Municipality of McDougall (the "Municipality"), which comprise:

- The statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019
- The statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- The statements of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended
- The statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- And the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements")

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Municipality as at December 31, 2019, and its results of operations and accumulated surplus, its changes in net financial assets (debt) and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibility under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Page 2

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, internal omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to the events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality's to cease to continue as a going concern.



Page 3

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Canada October 7, 2020

LPMG LLP

Index to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

Financial Sta	atements
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Statement of Financial Position	1
Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus	2
Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets	3
Statement of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Financial Statements	5 _ 17

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2019, with comparative information for 2018

3,097,195 101,738 522,985 502,347 104,125 4,328,390 701,448 763,000	\$	2,704,848 105,531 466,756 579,083 137,787 3,994,005
101,738 522,985 502,347 104,125 4,328,390 701,448 763,000	\$	105,531 466,756 579,083 137,787 3,994,005
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763,000		750 520
763,000		750 530
763,000		750,538
		402,000
75,304		56,862
2,062,726		2,483,871
3,602,478		3,693,271
725,912		300,734
43.455.180		43,624,834
		34,909
43,482,812		43,659,743
44,208,724	\$	43,960,477
	725,912 43,455,180 27,632 43,482,812	725,912 43,455,180 27,632 43,482,812 44,208,724 \$

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2019, with comparative information for 2018

	Budget 2019	Actual 2019	Actual 2018
	(note 5)		
Revenue:			
Taxation	\$ 4,295,686	\$ 4,320,031	\$ 4,158,361
Fees and user charges	1,569,778	1,761,805	1,748,915
Government grants	1,951,090	1,963,327	2,296,164
Investment income	20,000	63,695	51,242
Other	110,000	86,890	93,294
Loss on sale of tangible			
capital assets	-	(14,757)	(47,819)
Total revenue	7,946,554	8,180,991	8,300,157
Expenses:			
General government	1,106,362	1,122,684	1,122,535
Protection of persons and property	1,182,781	1,159,155	1,215,128
Transportation services	2,299,423	2,479,105	2,367,361
Environmental services	1,870,356	1,968,598	1,565,448
Health services	307,941	302,059	312,550
Social and family services	444,951	444,957	440,630
Recreational and cultural services	356,404	417,142	347,914
Planning and development	65,780	39,044	50,628
Total expenses	7,633,998	7,932,744	7,422,194
Annual surplus	312,556	248,247	877,963
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	43,960,477	43,960,477	43,082,514
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 44,273,033	\$ 44,208,724	\$ 43,960,477

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2019, with comparative information for 2018

	Budget 2019	2019	2018
	(note 5)		
Annual surplus	312,556	\$ 248,247	\$ 877,963
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(1,804,182)	(1,508,014)	(1,782,884)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,610,986	1,610,986	1,579,668
Loss on sale of tangible capital assets	-	14,757	47,819
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	-	51,925	58,619
Change in prepaid expenses	-	7,277	(8,498)
Change in net financial assets	119,360	425,178	772,687
Net financial assets (debt), beginning of year	300,734	300,734	(471,953)
Net financial assets, end of year	420,094	\$ 725,912	\$ 300,734

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2019, with comparative information for 2018

	2019	2018
Cash provided by (used in):		
, , , ,		
Operating activities:		
Annual surplus	\$ 248,247 \$	877,963
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,610,986	1,579,668
Loss on sale of tangible capital assets	14,757	47,819
Change in landfill closure and post-closure liability	361,000	41,000
	2,234,990	2,546,450
Change in non-cash assets and liabilities:		
Increase in taxes receivable	(56,229)	(131,780)
Decrease in user charges receivable	3,793	13,546
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	76,736	(187,244)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	7,277	(8,498)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		
and accrued liabilities	(49,090)	129,801
Increase in deferred revenue		
- obligatory reserve funds	18,442	27,186
Net change in cash from operating activities	2,235,919	2,389,461
Financing activities:		
Principal repayments on net long-term liabilities	(421,145)	(411,215)
Investing activities:		
Principal repayments received on water capital debenture	33,662	31,910
Capital activities:		
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	51,925	58,619
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(1,508,014)	(1,782,884)
Net change in cash from capital activities	(1,456,089)	(1,724,265)
Net change in cash	392,347	285,891
	332,011	200,001
Cash, beginning of year	2,704,848	2,418,957
Cash, end of year	\$ 3,097,195 \$	2,704,848

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

The Municipality of McDougall (the "Municipality") is a single-tier municipal corporation located in the District of Parry Sound, Ontario. It conducts it's operations guided by the provisions of provincial statutes such as the Municipal Act, Municipal Affairs Act and other related legislation.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of the Municipality are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Municipality are as follows:

(a) Reporting entity:

These financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and fund balances of the reporting entity. The following joint board is not consolidated:

Parry Sound Area Industrial Park

(b) Basis of accounting:

Sources of financing and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

(c) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the tangible capital asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets, excluding land and landfill sites, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Useful Life - Years
Land improvements	10
Buildings	20 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	5 - 20
Roads, bridges and culverts	15 - 75
Water and sewer	20 - 30

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Tangible capital assets (continued):

Annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(i) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

(ii) Natural resources

Natural resources that have not been purchased are not recognized as assets in the financial statements.

(iii) Works of art and cultural and historic assets

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these financial statements.

(iv) Interest capitalization

The Municipality capital asset policy does not allow for the capitalization of interest costs associated with the acquisition or construction of tangible capital assets.

(d) Revenue recognition:

The Municipality prepares tax billings based on assessment rolls issued by Municipal Property Assessment Corporation, in accordance with rates established and approved annually by Council and the Province of Ontario. Taxation revenue is recognized in the period in which the taxes are levied.

Government transfers are recognized in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, provided that the transfer is authorized and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Government grants are recognized when approved to the extent the related expenses have been incurred and collection can be reasonably assured.

User fees and other revenues are recognized when the services are performed or goods are delivered, collection of the relevant receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and fees are fixed or determinable. Amounts received for future services are deferred until the service is provided.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include valuation allowances for taxes and user charges receivable, accounts receivable, and estimating provisions for accrued liabilities and landfill closure and post-closure liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the year in which they become known.

In addition, the Municipality's implementation of the Public Sector Accounting Handbook PS3150 has required management to make estimates of historical cost and useful lives of tangible capital assets.

(f) School boards:

The Municipality collects taxation revenue on behalf of the school boards. The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in these financial statements.

(g) Solid waste management liabilities:

The liability for closure of operational site and post-closure care has been recognized based on estimated future expenses, estimated inflation and the usage of the site's capacity during the year.

(h) Pensions and employee benefits:

The Municipality accounts for its participation in the Ontario Municipal Employee Retirement System ("OMERS"), a multi-employer public sector pension fund, as a defined contribution plan. Vacation entitlements are accrued for as entitlements are earned.

(i) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include valuation allowances for taxes and user charges receivable, accounts receivable, and estimating provisions for accrued liabilities and landfill closure and post-closure liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the year in which they become known.

In addition, the Municipality's implementation of the Public Sector Accounting Handbook PS3150 has required management to make estimates of historical cost and useful lives of tangible capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

2. Taxes receivable:

	2019	2018
Current	\$ 269,060	\$ 272,308
Past due	213,972	157,148
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(10,000)	(10,000)
Penalties and interest	49,953	47,300
	\$ 522,985	\$ 466,756

3. Credit facilities:

The Municipality has available a \$700,000 (2018 - \$700,000) demand line of credit. This unsecured line of credit bears interest at the bank's prime rate. At December 31, 2019, \$Nil (2018 - \$Nil) has been drawn against this facility.

4. Deferred revenue:

	Dece	ember 31, 2018	Cor	ntributions received	Interest received	Amounts taken to revenue	Dece	ember 31, 2019
Parkland reserves	\$	56,862	\$	15,500	\$ 2,942	\$ _	\$	75,304

5. Budget:

The budget was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results (Public Sector Accounting Standards). As a result, the budget figures presented in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus required the following adjustments:

Polari and the same for a second state of	*
Budget surplus per financial plan	\$ -
Add:	
Budgeted loan principal payments	387,244
Budgeted capital expenditures	1,804,182
Transfers to reserve	93,116
Less:	
Amortization	(1,610,986)
Landfill adjustment	(361,000)
Budget deficit per financial statements	\$ 312,556

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

6. Nobel water system capital upgrade:

The Municipality completed the capital project to provide water to 347 users in the community of Nobel.

Each unit was charged an equal amount of \$3,000 with the option to pay the full amount up front or over the term of the debenture. The debenture is collected in equal bi-monthly installments as added into the current water billing. The debenture is to be collected over 15 years for residential users and 5 years for commercial users.

The annual payment collected by the Municipality including principal and interest is \$40,315. The balance receivable on December 31, 2019 is \$104,125 (2018 - \$137,787).

7. Landfill closure and post-closure liability:

The Environmental Protection Act sets out the regulatory requirements to properly close and maintain all active and inactive landfill sites. Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and post-closure care of solid waste landfill sites. This requirement is to be provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

Landfill closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over a twenty-five year period using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expenses, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

Estimated total expenses represent the sum of the discounted future cash flows for closure and post-closure care activities discounted at the Municipality's long-term borrowing rate of 2.57% and the discounted future cash flows for post-closure care activities at the 10-year running average inflation rate for Non-Residential Building Construction Price Indices of 2.56%. The estimated total landfill closure and post-closure care expenses are calculated to be \$2,772,973. The estimated liability for these expenses is recognized as the landfill site's capacity is used. At December 31, 2019, an amount of \$763,000 (2018 - \$402,000) with respect to landfill closure and post-closure liabilities has been accrued.

The estimated remaining capacity of the landfill site is 72% of its total estimated capacity and its estimated remaining life is approximately 26 years. The period for post-closure care is estimated to be 25 years.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

8. Long-term debt:

The balance of long-term debt is comprised of the following:

		2019		2018
Loan payable to Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation due February 2031, repayable in blended monthly				
payments of \$10,323 at an interest rate of 2.95% per annum	\$ 1,17	77,274	\$	1,265,008
Loan payable to Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation due July 2022, repayable in blended monthly payments	7	50.040		4 000 700
of \$24,838 at an interest rate of 1.95%	7	50,312		1,030,766
Loan payable to Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation, due October 2022, repayable in semi-annual blended payments of \$20,448 at an interest rate of 5.07% per annum	1	12,500		146,399
Loan payable to Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation, due February 2021, repayable in blended monthly				
payments of \$1,634 at an interest rate of 1.67% per annum	2	22,640		41,698
	\$ 2,06	62,726	\$	2,483,871
The principal repayments are as follows:				
2020	\$	431,34	8	
2021		425,38	9	
2022		307,97	6	
2023		98,70	8	
2024		101,66	0	
Thereafter		697,64	5	
	\$	2,062,72	6	

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

9. Tangible capital assets:

	Balance at			Balance at
	December 31,			December 31,
Cost	2018	Additions	Disposals	2019
			·	
Land \$	3,410,971	-	-	3,410,971
Land improvements	7,134,563	184,812	-	7,319,375
Buildings	5,093,290	14,941	-	5,108,231
Machinery and equipment	4,332,795	576,638	(401,156)	4,508,277
Vehicles	1,186,864	8,509	-	1,195,373
Roads, bridges and culverts	31,513,485	599,023	(129,540)	31,982,968
Water and sewer	11,787,134	124,091	-	11,911,225
			(500.000)	
Total \$	64,459,102	1,508,014	(530,696)	65,436,420
	Balance at			Balance at
Accumulated	December 31,			December 31,
Amortization	2018	Disposals	Amortization	2019
Land \$	-	-	-	-
Land improvements	1,442,008	-	162,254	1,604,262
Buildings	1,685,356	-	87,076	1,772,432
Machinery and equipment	2,191,990	(334,474)	296,891	2,154,407
Vehicles	800,170	-	59,733	859,903
Roads, bridges and culverts	9,679,311	(129,540)	786,936	10,336,707
Water and sewer	5,035,433	-	218,096	5,253,529
Total \$	20,834,268	(464,014)	1,610,986	21,981,240
	Net book value,			Net book value,
	December 31,			December 31,
	2018			2019
Land \$	3,410,971			3,410,971
Land improvements	5,692,555			5,715,113
Buildings	3,407,934			3,335,799
Machinery and equipment	2,140,805			2,353,870
Vehicles	386,694			335,470
Roads, bridges and culverts	21,834,174			21,646,261
Water and sewer	6,751,701			6,657,696
Total \$	43,624,834			43,455,180
	, ,			,,

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2019

9. Tangible capital assets (continued):

	Balance at December 31,			Balance at December 31,
Cost	2017	Additions	Disposals	2018
Land \$	3,410,971	-	-	3,410,971
Land improvements	6,963,569	170,994	-	7,134,563
Buildings	5,066,304	26,986	-	5,093,290
Machinery and equipment	4,308,746	179,049	(155,000)	4,332,795
Vehicles	1,325,186	8,968	(147,290)	1,186,864
Roads, bridges and culverts	30,450,590	1,396,887	(333,992)	31,513,485
Water and sewer	11,787,134	-	-	11,787,134
Total \$	63,312,500	1,782,884	(636,282)	64,459,102
A	Balance at			Balance at
Accumulated	December 31,	Diamarata	At: t:	December 31,
Amortization	2017	Disposals	Amortization	2018
Land \$	_	_	_	_
Land improvements	1,285,369	_	156,639	1,442,008
Buildings	1,598,792	_	86,564	1,685,356
Machinery and equipment	2,033,726	(121,019)	279,283	2,191,990
Vehicles	878,651	(147,290)	68,809	800,170
Roads, bridges and culverts	9,169,329	(261,535)	771,517	9,679,311
Water and sewer	4,818,577	-	216,856	5,035,433
		(500.044)		
Total \$	19,784,444	(529,844)	1,579,668	20,834,268
	Niet beele velve			Not book value
	Net book value,			Net book value,
	December 31,			December 31,
	2017			2018
Land \$	3,410,971			3,410,971
Land improvements	5,678,200			5,692,555
Buildings	3,467,512			3,407,934
Machinery and equipment	2,275,020			2,140,805
Vehicles	446,535			386,694
Roads, bridges and culverts	21,281,261			21,834,174
Water and sewer	6,968,557			6,751,701
Total \$	43,528,056			43,624,834

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

10. Accumulated surplus:

Accumulated surplus consists of individual fund surplus and reserves and reserve funds as follows:

	2019	2018
Surplus (deficit):		
Invested in tangible capital assets	\$ 41,392,454	41,140,963
General deficit	(1,000,044)	(783,004)
Unfunded:		
Landfill closure costs	(763,000)	(402,000)
Total surplus	39,629,410	39,955,959
Reserves set aside for specific purpose by Council:		
Working capital reserve	1,291,907	710,394
Landfill	1,659,103	1,559,103
Nobel waterworks	697,801	683,431
Crawford septic system	67,257	62,172
Waubamik Community Centre	16,253	16,253
Elections	8,236	4,236
Legal	38,023	38,023
Capital acquisition	791,673	855,845
Recreation	9,061	75,061
	4,579,314	4,004,518
Accumulated surplus	\$ 44,208,724	43,960,477

11. Contributions to unconsolidated joint boards:

The following contributions were made to these joint boards:

	2019	2018
District of Parry Sound Social Services Administration Board North Bay Parry Sound Health Unit	\$ 327,951 84,306	\$ 324,536 88,187
District of Parry Sound (West) Belvedere Heights Home for the Aged Parry Sound Area Industrial Park	117,006 14,277	116,094 13,970
	\$ 543,540	\$ 542,787

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

12. Pension agreements:

The Municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employee Retirement Fund (OMERS) (the "Plan"), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of 27 members of its staff. The Plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2019 was \$153,475 (2018 - \$147,602) for current service.

13. Operations of school boards:

During the year, the following taxation revenue was raised and remitted to the school boards:

	2019	2018
Taxation	\$ 1,278,454	\$ 1,301,423

14. Contingencies:

The Municipality is involved in claims and litigation in the normal course of operations. The outcome of these actions are not determinable and, accordingly, no amounts have been reflected in the accounts of the Municipality for this matter. Any settlements or awards will be recorded in the period they become determinable.

15. Public sector salary disclosure:

During 2019, two employees were paid a salary, as defined in the Public Sector Salary Disclosure Act, 1996, of \$100,000 or more by the Municipality.

16. Subsequent event:

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and has had a significant financial, market and social dislocating impact. The situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and the financial effect on the Municipality is not known at this time.

17. Segmented information:

The Municipality provides a range of services to its citizens, including police, fire, transportation, recreational and environmental. For management reporting purposes the Municipality's operations and activities are organized and reported by department. Funds were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Municipal services are provided by departments and their activities are reported in these funds. Certain departments that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

17. Segmented information (continued):

- (a) General Government: includes corporate services and governance of the Municipality. General government is responsible for human resource management, support to Council for policy development, by-law development in compliance with the Municipal Act, tax billing and collection responsibilities, financial management reporting, monitoring and overall budget status is provided as well as frontline reception and customer service.
- (b) Protection to Persons and Property: includes policing, fire protection, protective inspection and control and emergency measures. The mandate of the police services contract is to ensure the safety of the lives and property of citizens; preserve peace and good order; prevent crimes from occurring; detect offenders; and enforce the law. Fire protection includes detection, extinguishing and suppression services; emergency medical first response; and prevention education and training programs. The members of the fire department consist of volunteers. Inspection and control includes building inspection, by-law enforcement and animal control services.
- (c) Transportation Services: this department provides the winter and summer maintenance, the repair and the construction of the municipal roads system including bridges and culverts.
- (d) Environmental Services: includes the management and maintenance of water system, landfill site, transfer stations, and the waste collection system and disposal system that serves the Municipality.
- (e) Health Services: includes the ambulance contract and public health services as well as the management and maintenance of cemeteries.
- (f) Social and Family Services: includes transfer to joint boards that provide general assistance, assistance to aged persons, child care and social housing.
- (g) Recreation and Cultural Services: provides recreation and leisure programs and facilities, including community halls, libraries, parks, recreation fields and arena. It also provides building maintenance services to all municipal facilities.
- (h) Planning and Development: manages rural development for business interest, environmental concerns, heritage matters, local neighbourhoods and community development. It facilitates economic development by providing services for the approval of all land development plans, the application and enforcement of the zoning by-law and official plan, and the provision of geographic information services.

For each segment separately reported in the schedule below, the segment revenue and expenditures represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. These municipal services are funded primarily by taxation such as property tax revenue. Taxation and payments-in-lieu of taxes are apportioned to these services based on the net surplus. Certain government transfers, transfer from other funds, and other revenue have been apportioned based on a percentage of budgeted expenses.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Note 17 - Segmented Information (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

	General Government	Protection to Persons and Property	Transportation Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Social and Family Services	Recreation and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	2019 Total
	Covernment	rioporty	20111000	20111000	00111000	00111000	00111000	Вотоюринон	rotai
Revenues:									
Fees and user charges	\$ 254,743	257	80,156	1,407,808	-	-	8,841	- 9	1,751,805
Government grants	828,793	12,862	711,461	160,700	_	-	259,511	-	1,973,327
Investment income	63,695	, -	-	, -	_	-	-	-	63,695
Other	75,814	11,076	_	_	_	-	_	-	86,890
Loss on disposal of tangible									
capital assets	-	-	-	(14,757)	-	-	-	-	(14,757)
	1,223,045	24,195	791,617	1,553,751	-	-	268,352	-	3,860,960
Expenses:									
Salaries, wages and benefits	754,307	344,462	573,461	561,384	_	-	159,015	-	2,392,629
Interest on long term debt	-	-	54,291	345	_	-	- -	-	54,636
Materials	222,998	177,486	775,551	907,298	_	-	122,915	-	2,206,248
Contracted services	137,302	29,830	91,909	52,379	-	-	-	27,544	338,964
Transfer to other governments									
and the public	-	511,096	-	-	302,059	444,957	59,669	11,500	1,329,281
Amortization of tangible capital assets	8,077	96,281	983,893	447,192	-	-	75,543	-	1,610,986
	1,122,684	1,159,155	2,479,105	1,968,598	302,059	444,957	417,142	39,044	7,932,744
Surplus (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	100,361	(1,134,960)	(1,687,488)	(414,847)	(302,059)	(444,957)	(148,790)	(39,044)	(4,071,784)
Funded through:									
Taxation									4,320,031
Annual surplus								9	S 248,247

Note 17 - Segmented Information (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

	General	Protection to Persons and	Transportation	Environmental	Health	Social and Family	Recreation and Cultural	Planning and	2018
	Government	Property	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services	Development	Total
Revenues:									
Fees and user charges	\$ 306.471	2,859	51.651	1,365,095	_	_	22.839	- 9	1.748.915
Government grants	510,154	,	1,523,109	75,076	_	_	164,107	-	2,296,164
Investment income	51,242		-	-	_	_	-	_	51,242
Other	93,294		_	_	_	_	_	_	93,294
Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible	33,23 .								00,20
capital assets	_	10,452	(54,228)	(4,043)	_	_	_	_	(47,819)
- Sapital accord	961,161	37,029	1,520,532	1,436,128	-	-	186,946	-	4,141,796
Expenses:									
Salaries, wages and benefits	700,800	346,255	549,422	550,140	-	_	142,803	-	2,289,420
Interest on long term debt	-	-	61,699	248	-	_	- -	-	61,947
Materials	258,737	173,998	725,324	508,973	11,062	_	80,742	-	1,758,836
Contracted services	152,210	591,888	82,610	56,357	_	_	_	39,128	922,193
Transfer to other governments									
and the public	-	-	-	-	301,488	440,630	56,512	11,500	810,130
Amortization of tangible capital assets	10,788	102,987	948,306	449,730	-	-	67,857	-	1,579,668
	1,122,535	1,215,128	2,367,361	1,565,448	312,550	440,630	347,914	50,628	7,422,194
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	(161,374) (1,178,099)	(846,829)	(129,320)	(312,550)	(440,630)	(160,968)	(50,628)	(3,280,398)
Funded through:									
Taxation									4,158,361
Annual surplus								9	877,963